RADARS[®] System: Mosaic Approach to Opioid Surveillance & REMS Evaluation

Jody L. Green, PhD Director of Research Rocky Mountain Poison and Drug Center





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Objectives

- Describe the RADARS[®] System
 - -The "mosaic" approach
 - Utilization for safety and risk mitigation analysis
- Prescription Drug Surveillance & REMS Evaluation

-Importance of measuring the right outcome





RADARS System Fundamentals

- RADARS System History
 - 2001: Founded by Purdue Pharma
 - 2006: Independently owned and operated by Denver Health & Hospital Authority (Rocky Mountain Poison and Drug Center)
 - 2012: Serving 10 subscribers
- Independent Scientific Advisory Board
- Monitor over 120 different products





RADARS System Goals

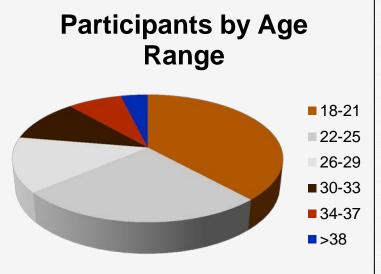
- Measure rates of misuse, abuse and diversion of prescription drugs
- Identify sentinel events involving the misuse, abuse and diversion of prescription drugs nationwide
- Provide experienced and expert analysis and interpretation of the data





College Survey

- Population
 - College students (traditional and non-traditional)
- Definition/Type of Cases
 - Self-reported nonmedical use of prescription drugs in previous semester
- Coverage
 - 6,000 responders/year
 - 50 states across 4 regions
- Reporting Timeframe
 Fall / Spring / Summer







Poison Center (PC)

Population

- young children, adolescents, adults, elderly
- Definition/Type of Cases
 - Spontaneous reports of intentional exposure mentions of acute medical events associated with one or more prescription drugs
- Coverage
 50 of 57 PCs
- Reporting Timeframe
 - quarterly





Opioid Treatment Programs (OTP & SKIP)

Population

 Opioid dependent persons seeking treatment at public/private opioid treatment programs (OTP) and private substance abuse treatment programs (SKIP)

Definition/Type of Cases

 Self-reported use of prescription or illicit opioids to "get high" in the past 30 days





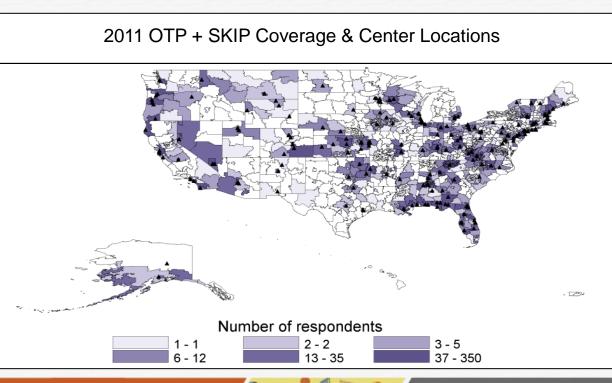
Opioid Treatment Programs (OTP & SKIP)

Coverage

- See map

Reporting Timeframe

- quarterly





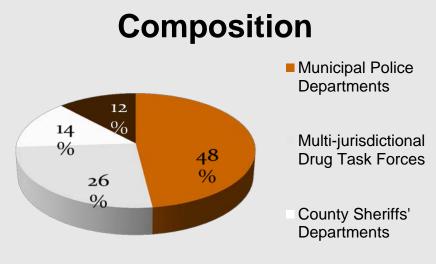
Drug Diversion (DD)

Population

- Cases of prescription drug diversion
- Definition/Type of Cases
 - Number of new instances of pharmaceutical diversion investigated by drug diversion units or reported to state regulatory boards

Coverage

- 280 reporters from
 50 states
- Reporting Timeframe
 - quarterly

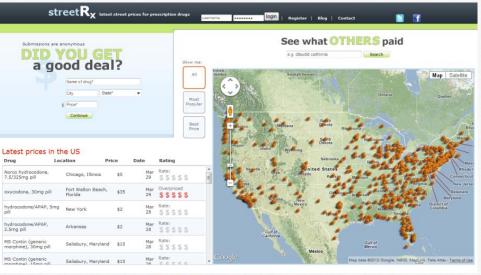




StreetRx (<u>www.streetrx.com</u>)

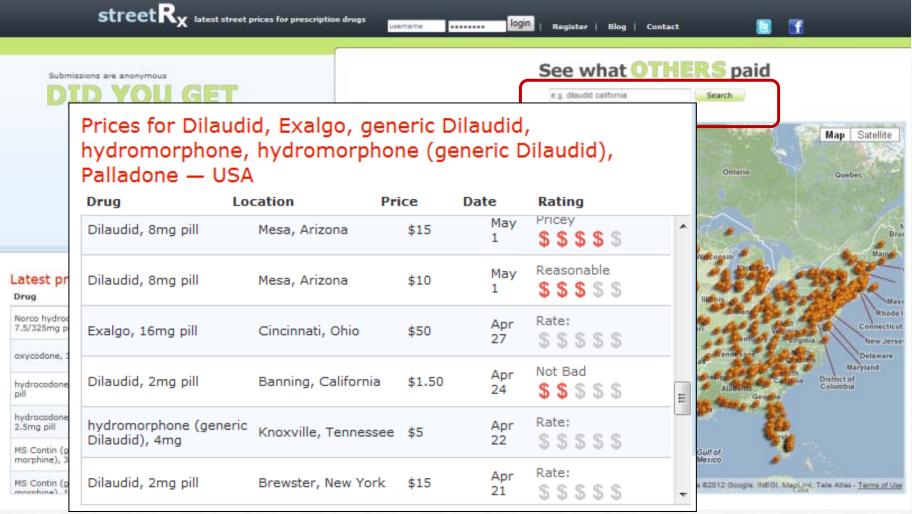
Population

- Any person in US with access to the internet
- Definition/Type of Cases
 - Utilize crowdsourcing methodology to calculate average price of specific prescription drug in particular location
 - Validated by DD
- Coverage
 - All 50 states
- Reporting Timeframe
 Quarterly



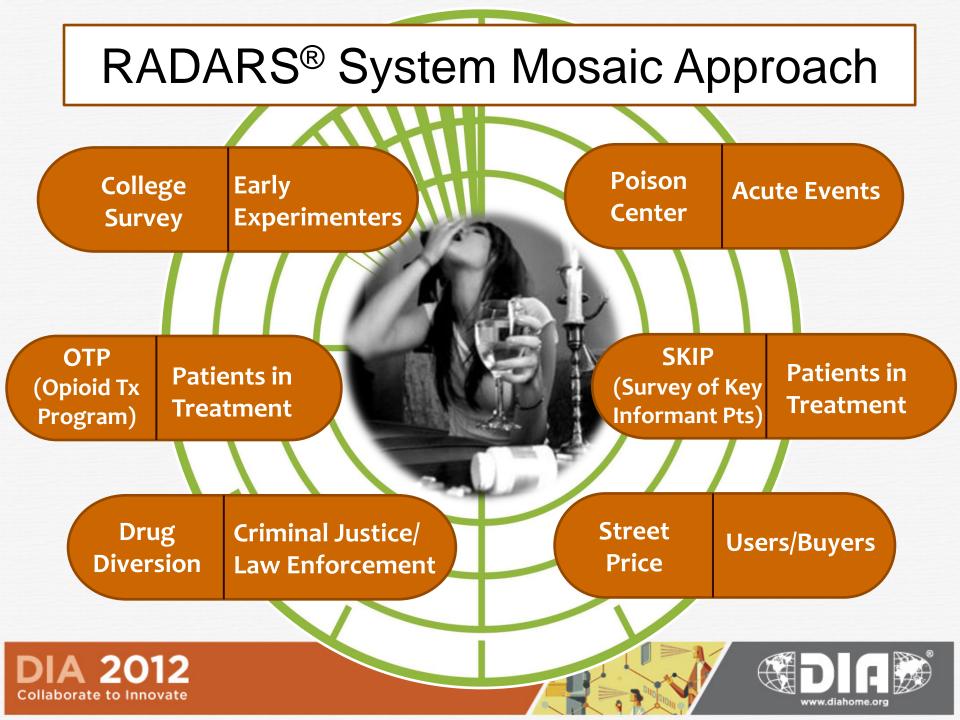


StreetRx (www.streetrx.com)





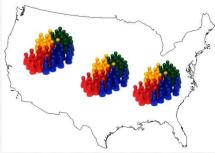




RADARS[®] System Process: A Tale of Two Denominators

COUNTS BY SYSTEM

UNITED STATES POPULATION



POPULATION RATE

- Disease burden on whole population
- Does not account for drug availability

COUNTS BY SYSTEM





UNIQUE RECIPIENTS OF DISPENSED DRUG (URDD) RATE

• Number of unique people filling prescription for drug





Application of RADARS System Data

- Development of Interventions
 - How drugs are being abused, misused, diverted
 Geographic specificity
- Ongoing surveillance
 - Monitoring trends over time due to market or regulatory changes
- Impact Assessment of Interventions REMS Evaluation
 - Measuring the right outcome with product and geographic specificity





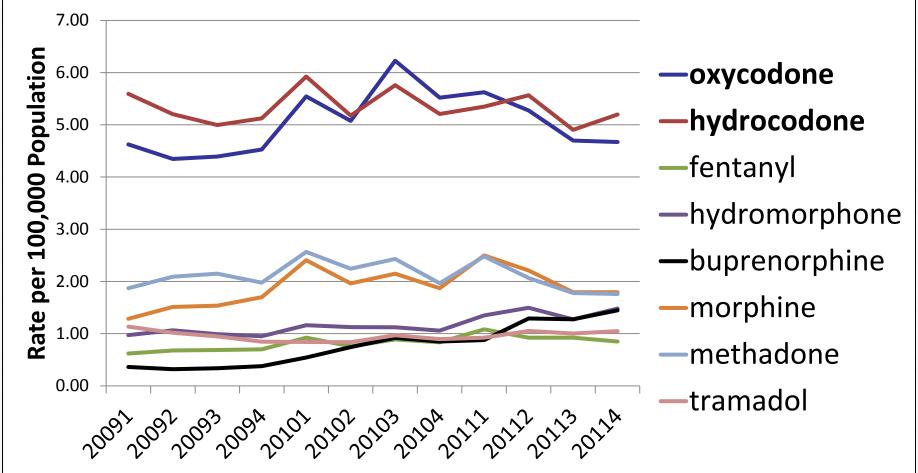
2011 RADARS System Opioid Abuse Trends Population Rate (Ranked Highest-Lowest)

Rank	College Survey	Poison Center	Survey of Key Informant Pts	Opioid Treatment	Drug Diversion
1	hydrocodone	hydrocodone	hydrocodone	oxycodone	oxycodone
2	oxycodone	oxycodone	oxycodone	hydrocodone	hydrocodone
3	morphine	tramadol	morphine	methadone	morphine
4	tramadol	methadone	hydromorphone	morphine	buprenorphine
5	fentanyl	morphine	methadone	hydromorphone	methadone
6	methadone	buprenorphine	buprenorphine	buprenorphine	hydromorphone
7	buprenorphine	fentanyl	fentanyl	fentanyl	tramadol
8	hydromorphone	hydromorphone	tramadol	tramadol	fentanyl





RADARS System Programs* Population Rates by API (2009 1Q to 2011 4Q)



*Includes College Survey, Poison Center, Opioid Treatment Program (OTP), Survey of Key Informants' Patients (SKIP), and Drug Diversion.



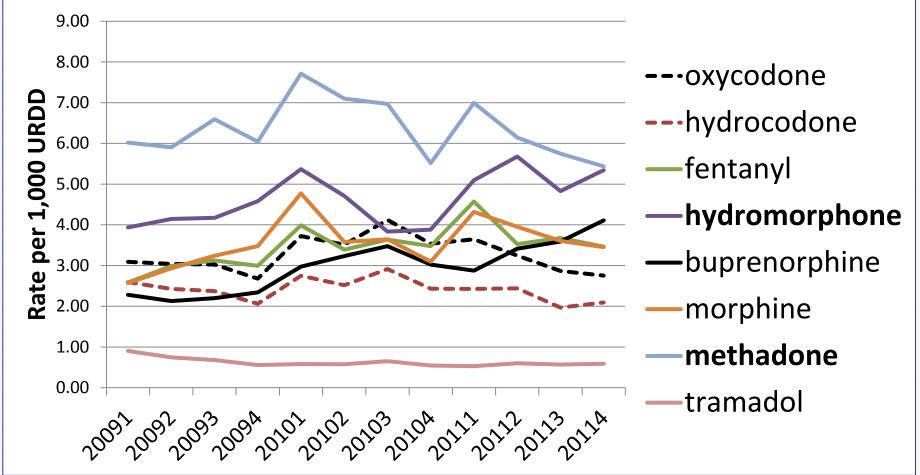
2011 RADARS System Opioid Abuse Trends URDD Rates (Ranked Highest-Lowest)

Rank	College Survey	Poison Center	Survey of Key Informant Pts	Opioid Treatment	Drug Diversion
1	methadone	methadone	hydromorphone	methadone	methadone
2	hydromorphone	buprenorphine	methadone	hydromorphone	hydromorphone
3	morphine	morphine	morphine	morphine	buprenorphine
4	fentanyl	hydromorphone	buprenorphine	buprenorphine	morphine
5	buprenorphine	fentanyl	fentanyl	fentanyl	oxycodone
6	oxycodone	tramadol	oxycodone	oxycodone	fentanyl
7	hydrocodone	oxycodone	hydrocodone	hydrocodone	hydrocodone
8	tramadol	hydrocodone	tramadol	tramadol	tramadol





RADARS System Programs URDD Rates by API (2009 1Q to 2011 4Q)



*Includes College Survey, Poison Center, Opioid Treatment Program (OTP), Survey of Key Informants' Patients (SKIP), and Drug Diversion.



Reformulated OxyContin[®]: Pre and Post-Analysis





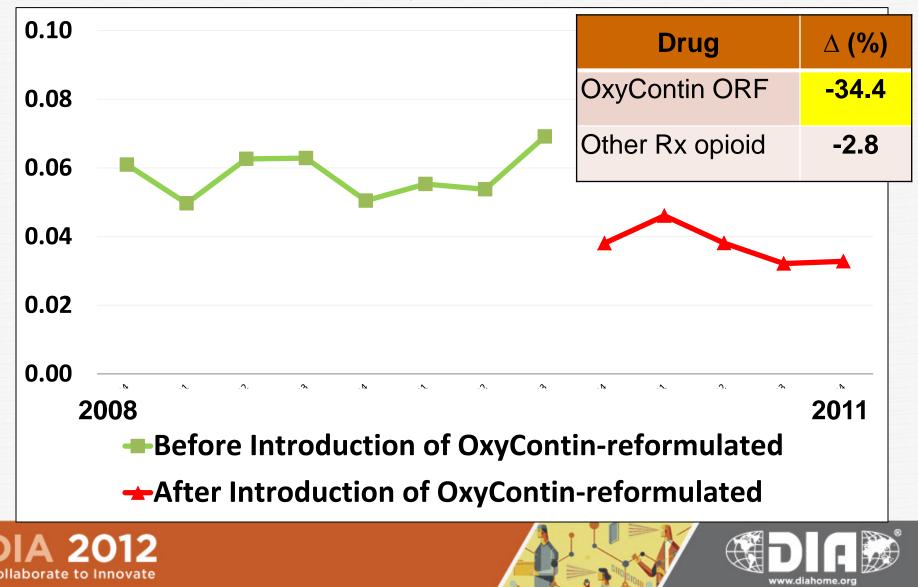
OxyContin OC

OxyContin OP

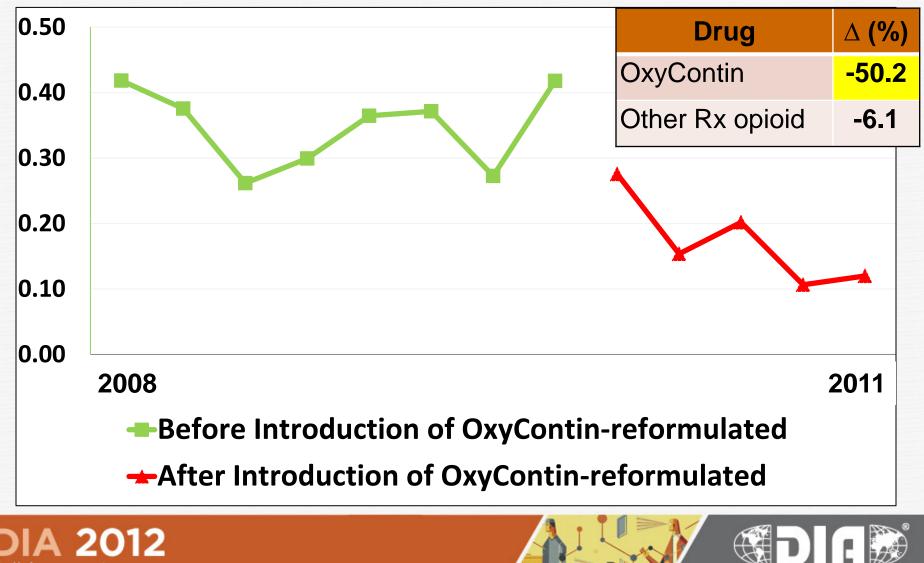




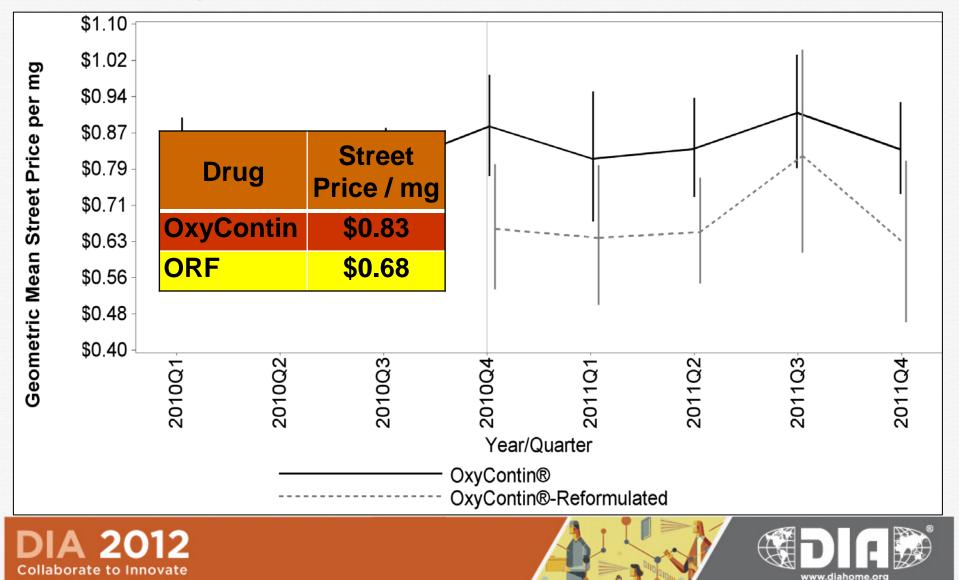
Poison Center Program - Intentional Abuse Population Rate for OxyContin (2008 Q4 - 2011 Q4)



Drug Diversion Program Population Rate for OxyContin (2008 Q4 - 2011 Q4)



Drug Diversion Program OxyContin Street Price (2010 Q1 - 2011 Q4)

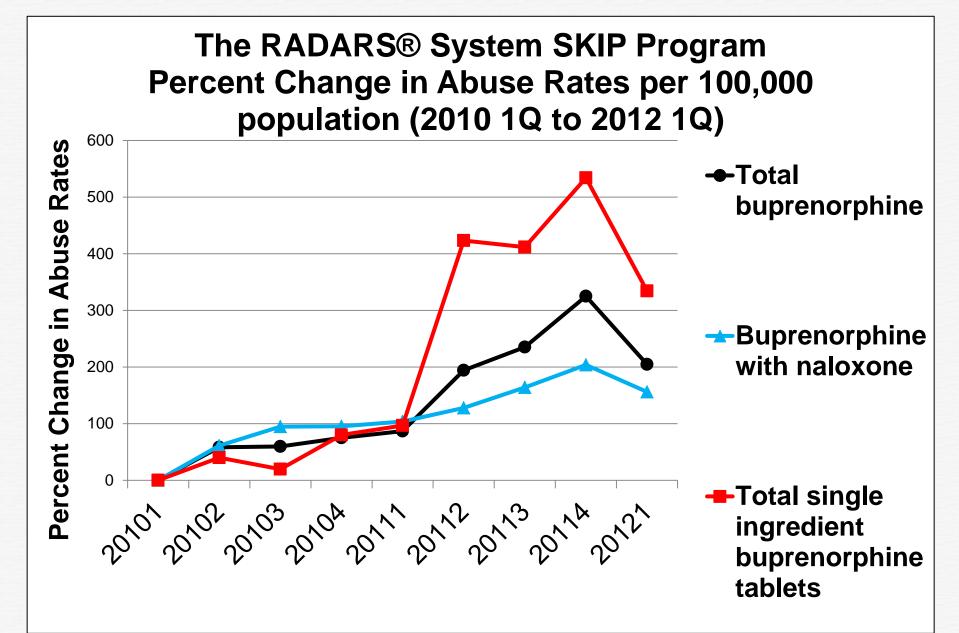


REMS Evaluation

- Class-wide REMS
 - Measuring active pharmaceutical ingredient (API) level data
 - Indicative of overall trends for a class of drugs
 - NOT indicative of contributions of different formulations, routes or platforms











Key Elements of the RADARS System

- 11 years of data
 - Maximum lag: 3 months
- Multifaceted ("mosaic") approach
 - Diversion & illicit sale
 - Misuse/Abuse/Addiction/Overdose
 - Medical outcomes
- Product & Geographic Specificity
 National coverage of over 120 products
- Valuable system for surveillance and REMS evaluation



