

Application of Systems Science in Opioid Misuse

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All pictures of articles are hyperlinked to their full text.

Credit: All credits go to lab members, students, and colleagues. **Disclaimer:** This presentation does not represent the views of any institutions. Opinions expressed are my own. **Conflict of interest**: None

Systems Science

- An interdisciplinary field that studies complex systems and their behavior.
- It seeks to understand the behavior of these systems by examining their components, interactions, and feedback mechanisms.
- It helps identify potential leverage points for effective interventions and policies.

Health Research Policy and Systems

Commentary Open Access Published: 08 August 2020

The opioid crisis: need for systems science research

Mohammad S. Jalali 🖾, Michael Botticelli, Rachael C. Hwang, Howard K. Koh & R. Kathryn McHugh

Health Research Policy and Systems 18, Article number: 88 (2020) Cite this article





Holistic view of various interconnected components

Systems thinking

- The opioid crisis is a complex and multifaceted problem
 - involves multiple factors and stakeholders
 - requires a systems perspective to understand and address it
- A systems perspective recognizes the interconnectedness and interdependence of these factors and stakeholders, and their impact on each other and the larger system.

Health Research Policy and Systems

Commentary Open Access Published: 06 August 2020

The opioid crisis: a contextual, social-ecological framework

Mohammad S. Jalali 🖂, Michael Botticelli, Rachael C. Hwang, Howard K. Koh & R. Kathryn McHugh

Health Research Policy and Systems 18, Article number: 87 (2020) Cite this article





Simulation Modeling

Through a collaboration with FDA, we developed SOURCE, a population-based simulation model.

The model addresses strategic "what if" questions and goals.



Modeling the evolution of the US opioid crisis for national policy development

 Tse Yang Lim [®], Erin J. Stringfellow, Celia A. Stafford, ⁺¹⁰, and Mohammad S. Jalali [®] [™] Authors Info & Affiliations

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Reducing opioid use disorder and overdose deaths in the United States: A dynamic modeling analysis

ERIN J. STRINGFELLOW (D), TSE YANG LIM (D), KEITH HUMPHREYS (D), CATHERINE DIGENNARO (D), CELIA STAFFORD (D), ELIZABETH BEAULIEU (D), JACK HOMER (D) WAYNE WAKELAND (D), BENJAMIN BEARNOT (D), [...] MOHAMMAD S. JALALI (D) +6 authors Authors Info & Affiliations

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Essential to capture the flows of individuals across various states



But going beyond the flows:

Including feedback loops, better representing the real world



SOURCE replicates 15 longitudinal datasets at once; six shown here



Complex estimations: Was the unprecedented **rise** in opioid overdose deaths (OODs) in 2020 **only** because of **COVID-19**?

SOURCE: 43% of the excess OODs due to continued increases in fentanyls



Enumerating contributions of fentanyls and other factors to the unprecedented 2020 rise in opioid overdose deaths: model-based analysis **o**

Erin J Stringfellow, Tse Yang Lim, Catherine DiGennaro, Zeynep Hasgul, Mohammad S Jalali 🕿 👘 Author Notes

The National Academy of Sciences

of the United States of America

PNAS Nexus, Volume 2, Issue 4, April 2023, pgad064, https://doi.org/10.1093/pnasnexus/pgad064

PNAS

nexus

Overdose death hazard; competing influences of fentanyl & naloxone

Overdose death hazard among people who use illicit opioids has shifted noticeably due to two competing influences:



Fentanyl: Starting around 2013, highly potent synthetic opioids like fentanyl have been increasingly present in the illicit drug supply.



Naloxone: Over roughly the same period, there have been numerous efforts to increase access to the lifesaving overdose reversal drug naloxone.

Counterfactuals

What if there were no naloxone?

What if there were no illicitly manufactured fentanyl?



About **20,000 lives** saved due to layperson naloxone

About **59,000 lives** would have been saved in the absence of illicitly manufactured fentanyl



- Projection of future trends
- Intervention analysis and comparison
- Cost-effectiveness analysis

Projecting various outcomes over the next decade

Over the next decade, total deaths range from 543,000 to 842,000



Strategy analysis

Strategies Simulated in SOURCE

(Changed by 20% in desired direction)

Goal and Intervention Strategy

A) Opioid Misuse and OUD Prevention

Interventions targeting people at risk for misuse

- (1) \downarrow Diverted Rx Init
- (2) \downarrow Heroin Init
- (3) 🛛 🕁 Own Rx Init

Interventions targeting systems, including health care

- (4) \downarrow People with Rx
- (5) \downarrow Developing OUD

B) Buprenorphine Treatment Capacity

Interventions to increase buprenorphine prescribing

- (6) 个 Bup Providers
- (7) 个 Bup Prov Capacity

C) Recovery Supports

Interventions to support sustained improvements in functioning

- (8) 🔱 Return to OUD
- (9) \uparrow Peer Recovery

D) Overdose Harm Reduction

Interventions to reduce risk of overdose

(10) 🔸 Fent OD Risk)

Interventions to reduce death from overdose

(11) 个 Naloxone (Nx) Kits

Misuse and OUD Prevention







Buprenorphine Treatment Capacity



Interventions to increase buprenorphine prescribing

Overdose Harm Reduction



Recovery Supports

2030

2030

2031

2031

2029





Change in opioid overdose deaths



Diving deeper...

From discussing ongoing policy questions

HEALTH AFFAIRS FOREFRONT

RELATED TOPICS: PHARMACEUTICALS | ACCESS TO CARE | SYSTEMS OF CARE | SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER | REGULATION | PRESCRIPTION DRUGS | NONSUBSTANCE RELATED ADDICTIONS

Removing The X-Waiver Is One Small Step Toward Increasing Treatment Of Opioid Use Disorder, But Great Leaps Are Needed

Erin J. Stringfellow, Keith Humphreys, Mohammad S. Jalali

APRIL 22, 2021

10.1377/forefront.20210419.311749

To informing implementation of policy solutions

Addiction Medicine

Long-Term Effects of Increasing Buprenorphine Treatment Seeking, Duration, and Capacity on Opioid Overdose Fatalities: A Model-Based Analysis

Stringfellow, Erin J. PhD; Lim, Tse Yang PhD; DiGennaro, Catherine BA; Zhang, Ziyuan; Paramasivam, Pritika; Bearnot, Benjamin MD; Humphreys, Keith PhD; Jalali, Mohammad S. PhD



If policymakers only target 2 policies to reduce OODs, they should be to increase capacity and duration, enacted quickly and aggressively.



Stay tuned for SOURCE-based cost-effectiveness analysis of buprenorphine interventions...

forthcoming in JAMA Health Forum



- Identifying incomplete data on the components of the system
- Empowering data science and machine learning methods



A systems perspective can highlight areas where data is lacking or incomplete

Examples:

- Underreporting of opioid-related overdoses
- Lack of standardized data collection
- Insufficient data on the social and economic determinants of the crisis
- Lack of longitudinal data on many factors



American Journal of Preventive Medicine Volume 60, Issue 2, February 2021, Pages e95-e105 Research Methods

Data Needs in Opioid Systems Modeling: Challenges and Future Directions

Mohammad S. Jalali PhD, MSc ^{1, 2} \land \bowtie , Emily Ewing MPP ³, Calvin B. Bannister MS ³, Lukas Glos MA ³, Sara Eggers PhD ³, Tse Yang Lim MS ^{2, 3}, Erin Stringfellow PhD, MSW ¹, Celia A. Stafford MPH ^{1, 4}, Rosalie Liccardo Pacula PhD ^{5, 6, 7}, Hawre Jalal MD, PhD ⁸, Reza Kazemi-Tabriz PhD ³

Data Analytics

- Data science and machine learning have been increasingly used in the opioid crisis to help identify patterns and trends in data and predict outcomes of interest (e.g., overdoses).
- By using a systems thinking approach, data science methods can better account for multiple factors influencing opioid misuse.



Drug and Alcohol Dependence Volume 237, 1 August 2022, 109507



Identifying key risk factors for premature discontinuation of opioid use disorder treatment in the United States: A predictive modeling study

Celia Stafford ^{a, 1} 쯔, Wesley J. Marrero ^{a, b, 2} 쯔, Rebecca B. Naumann ^{c, 3} 쯔, Kristen Hassmiller Lich ^{d, 4} 쯔, Sarah Wakeman ^{e, 5} 쯔, Mohammad S. Jalali ^{a, f} 음⁶ 쯔

Research Letter

November 9, 2022

JAMA Psychiatry

Racial and Ethnic Disparities in Buprenorphine Treatment Duration in the US

Huiru Dong, PhD¹; Erin J. Stringfellow, PhD¹; W. Alton Russell, PhD²; <u>et al</u>

The New York Times

Medication Treatment for Addiction Is Shorter for Black and Hispanic Patients, Study Finds

The analysis of 15 years of prescription data showed that the racial disparities are widening.



Stakeholder Engagement

- Providing a common language and framework for stakeholders to understand the complex issues
- Facilitating a shared understanding of the complex and interconnected factors that contribute to the opioid crisis,
- Facilitating collaborative problem-solving and decision-making processes, taking into account the perspectives and interests of all stakeholders

• Engage communities in building and using the models

Not Only for Opioids...

- Our work does not limit to opioids; alcohol, stimulants, polysubstance
- Systems science can similarly help with psychedelics
 - Provide a framework for understanding the complex interactions between the biological, psychological, social, and environmental factors that influence the effects of psychedelic substances
 - Develop effective interventions and policies for
 - safe and responsible use of psychedelics
 - prevention of potential harms
 - Analyze potential unintended consequences



All articles shown today are publicly available: **mj-lab.mgh.harvard.edu**

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